

MultipleChoiceQuestions

Choosethecorrectoptionforfollowingquestions.AlltheQuestions carryequalmarks	
1.	If $x(n)$ is a discrete-timesignal, then the value of $x(n)$ at non integer value of 'n' is:
OptionA:	Zero
OptionB:	Positive
OptionC:	Negative
OptionD:	Notdefined
Answer	Notdefined
2.	The function given by the equation $x(n)=1$, for $n=0$; and $x(n)=0$, for $n \neq 0$ is
OptionA:	Stepfunction
OptionB:	Rampfunction
OptionC:	Triangularfunction
OptionD:	Impulsefunction
Answer	Impulsefunction
3.	Which of the following should be done in order to convert a continuous-timesignal to a discrete-timesignal?
OptionA:	Sampling
OptionB:	Differentiating
OptionC:	Integrating
OptionD:	Noneofthementioned
Answer	Sampling
4.	What is output signal when a signal $x(t)=\cos(2\pi \cdot 40 \cdot t)$ is sampled with a sampling frequency of 20Hz?
OptionA:	$\cos(\pi \cdot n)$
OptionB:	$\cos(2\pi \cdot n)$
OptionC:	$\cos(4\pi \cdot n)$
OptionD:	$\cos(8\pi \cdot n)$
Answer	$\cos(4\pi \cdot n)$
5.	Which of the following is true regarding the number of computations required to compute an N-point DFT?
OptionA:	N^2 complex multiplications and $N(N-1)$ complex additions
OptionB:	N^2 complex additions and $N(N-1)$ complex multiplications
OptionC:	N^2 complex multiplications and $N(N+1)$ complex additions
OptionD:	N^2 complex additions and $N(N+1)$ complex multiplications
Answer	N^2 complex multiplications and $N(N-1)$ complex additions
6.	What is the DFT of the four point sequence $x(n)=\{0,1,2,3\}$?
OptionA:	$\{6,-2+2j,-2,-2-2j\}$
OptionB:	$\{6,-2-2j,2,-2+2j\}$
OptionC:	$\{6,-2+2j,-2,-2-2j\}$
OptionD:	$\{6,-2-2j,-2,-2+2j\}$

Answer	{6,-2+2j,-2,-2-2j}
7.	What is the order of the four operations that are needed to be done on $h(k)$ in order to convolute $x(k)$ and $h(k)$? Step-1:Folding Step-2:Multiplication with $x(k)$ Step-3:Shifting Step-4:Summation
OptionA:	1-2-3-4
OptionB:	1-2-4-3
OptionC:	2-1-3-4
OptionD:	1-3-2-4
Answer	1-3-2-4
8.	An LTI system is said to be causal if and only if?
OptionA:	Impulse response is non-zero for positive values of n
OptionB:	Impulse response is zero for positive values of n
OptionC:	Impulse response is non-zero for negative values of n
OptionD:	Impulse response is zero for negative values of n
Answer	Impulse response is zero for negative values of n
9.	If $x(n) = (0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0)$ then $x(3n+1)$ is?
OptionA:	(0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
OptionB:	(0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0)
OptionC:	(1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
OptionD:	None of the mentioned
Answer	(0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
10.	Which function has a provision of determining the similarity between the signal and its delayed version?
OptionA:	Auto-correlation Function
OptionB:	Cross-correlation Function
OptionC:	Convolution Function
OptionD:	DFT function
Answer	Auto-correlation Function
11.	Which property is exhibited by the auto-correlation function of a complex valued signal?
OptionA:	Commutative property
OptionB:	Distributive property
OptionC:	Conjugate property
OptionD:	Associative property
Answer	Conjugate property
12.	In 4-neighbourhood of a pixel p , how far are each of the neighbours located from p ?
OptionA:	one pixel apart
OptionB:	four pixels apart
OptionC:	alternating pixels
OptionD:	none of the mentioned
Answer	one pixel apart
13.	What is the technique for a gray-level transformation function called, if the transformation would be to produce an image of higher contrast than the original by darkening the levels below some gray-levels and brightening the levels above them in the original image.
OptionA:	Contouring
OptionB:	Contrast stretching

OptionC:	Maskprocessing
OptionD:	Pointprocessing
Answer	Contraststretching
14.	WhatdoesthebilinearInterpolationofgray-levelassignment?
OptionA:	Assigngrayleveltothenewpixelusingitsrightneighbor
OptionB:	Assigngrayleveltothenewpixelusingitsleftneighbor
OptionC:	Assigngrayleveltothenewpixelusingitsfournearestneighbors
OptionD:	Assigngrayleveltothenewpixelusingitseightnearestneighbours
Answer	Assigngrayleveltothenewpixelusingitsfournearestneighbors
12	Forpixels $p(x,y), q(s,t)$, the Euclidean distance between p and q is defined as:
OptionA:	$D(p,q) = [(x-s)^2 + (y-t)^2]^{1/2}$
OptionB:	$D(p,q) = x-s + y-t $
OptionC:	$D(p,q) = \max(x-s + y-t)$
OptionD:	Noneofthementioned
Answer	$D(p,q) = [(x-s)^2 + (y-t)^2]^{1/2}$
16.	Highlighting the contribution made to total image by specific bits instead of highlighting intensity-level changes is called as:
OptionA:	Bit-planeslicing
OptionB:	IntensityHighlighting
OptionC:	Byte-Slicing
OptionD:	NoneoftheMentioned
Answer	Bit-planeslicing
17.	Which of the following in an image can be removed by using smoothing filter?
OptionA:	Sharp transitions of brightness levels
OptionB:	Sharp transitions of gray levels
OptionC:	Smooth transitions of gray levels
OptionD:	Smooth transitions of brightness levels
Answer	Sharp transitions of gray levels
18.	What is the full form of JPEG?
OptionA:	JointPhotographsExpansionGroup
OptionB:	JointPhotographicExpansionGroup
OptionC:	JointPhotographicExpertsGroup
OptionD:	JointPhotographicExpandedGroup
Answer	JointPhotographicExpertsGroup
19.	Which of the following is the first fundamental step in image processing?
OptionA:	Filtration
OptionB:	Image Restoration
OptionC:	Image Enhancement
OptionD:	Image Acquisition
Answer	Image Acquisition
20.	What is the name of the tool that helps in zooming, shrinking, rotating, etc.?
OptionA:	Filters
OptionB:	Interpolation
OptionC:	Sampling
OptionD:	Noneoftheabove
Answer	Interpolation
21.	Intensity levels in 8-bit image are: _____.
OptionA:	0—255
OptionB:	0—1024

OptionC:	0—128
OptionD:	0--64
Answer	0—255
22.	The number of grey values are integer powers of: _____.
OptionA:	3
OptionB:	4
OptionC:	8
OptionD:	2
Answer	2
23.	The Overlap Save and Overlap Add methods are used to compute DFT of .
OptionA:	Short date sequence
OptionB:	Moderate database sequence
OptionC:	Big sample value sequence
OptionD:	Long date sequence.
Answer	Long data sequence.
24.	D.I.T. is _____.
OptionA:	Dissemination In Task.
OptionB:	Degradation In Time.
OptionC:	Dissemination In Time.
OptionD:	Disadvantage in Time.
Answer	Dissemination In Time.
25.	In FFT, how many complex multiplications are required to compute $X(k)$?
OptionA:	$N(N+1)$
OptionB:	$N(N-1)/2$
OptionC:	$N^2/2$
OptionD:	$N(N+1)/2$
Answer	$N(N+1)/2$
26.	If $x(n)$ and $X(k)$ are an N -point DFT pair, then $X(k+N) = ?$
OptionA:	$X(-k)$
OptionB:	$-X(k)$
OptionC:	$-X(-k)$
OptionD:	$X(k)$
Answer	$X(k)$
27.	What is the name of process used to correct the power-law response phenomena?
OptionA:	Beta correction
OptionB:	Alpha correction
OptionC:	Gamma correction
OptionD:	Pie correction
Answer	Gamma correction
28.	Which of the following make an image difficult to enhance?
OptionA:	Narrow range of intensity levels
OptionB:	High noise
OptionC:	Dynamic range of intensity levels
OptionD:	All of the mentioned above
Answer	All of the mentioned above
29.	The circular convolution of two sequences in time domain is equivalent to _____.
OptionA:	Square of multiplication of DFT of two sequences
OptionB:	Difference of DFT of two sequences
OptionC:	Summation of DFT of two sequences

OptionD:	MultiplicationofDFTsoftwosequences
Answer	MultiplicationofDFTsoftwosequences
30.	ToconvertacontinuoussenseddataintoDigitalform,whichofthefollowing isrequired?
OptionA:	Sampling
OptionB:	Quantization
OptionC:	BothSamplingandQuantization
OptionD:	NeitherSamplingnorQuantization
Answer	BothSamplingandQuantization

DescriptiveQuestions

A particulardigitalimagewitheightquantizationlevelhasthefollowinghistogramperformhistogramequalization.Givenewequalizedhistogram.																		
<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>GrayLevels</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No.ofPixelsbelongsto graylevel</td> <td>200</td> <td>170</td> <td>130</td> <td>60</td> <td>60</td> <td>80</td> <td>140</td> <td>160</td> </tr> </table>	GrayLevels	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	No.ofPixelsbelongsto graylevel	200	170	130	60	60	80	140	160
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Performthehistogramstretchingsothatthenewimagehavedynamicrange[0-7].																		
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ExplaintheprocedureofZoominganimageusingreplicationandinterpolationwithsuitable example.																		
Findtheconvolutionofthefollowingsequencesi) $x(n)=u(n), h(n)=u(n-3)$ ii) $x(n)=\{1,2,-1,1\}, h(n)=\{1,0,1,1\}$																		
Foraperiodicsignal $v(t)=30\sin(2\pi 100t)+10\cos(2\pi 300t)+6\sin(2\pi 500t)$, findthefundamentalfrequencyinrad/sandNyquistsamplingrate. Obtainthediscretesignal $x(n)$.																		
Determinetheresponseoftherelaxedsystemcharacterizedbytheimpulseresponse $h[n]=0.5^n u(n)$ andinput $x[n]=2^n u(n)$.																		
If $x(n)=\{1,2,3,4\}$ and $h(n)=\{1,2,3,2\}$ a) FindCircularConvolutionusingDFTandIDFT? b) FindLinearConvolutionusingCircularConvolutionusingDFTandIDFT?																		
Findtheoutput $y(n)$ ofafilterwhoseimpulseresponseis $h(n)=\{1,1,1\}$ andinput signal $x(n)=\{3,-1,0,1,3,2,0,1,2,1\}$ usingoverlapsavemethod?																		
ObtaintheconvolutionfortwoD.T.sequences $x(n)=u(n)$ and $y(n)=(0.5)^n u(n)$.																		
Twodiscretetimesystemsareconnectedincascade $h_1(n)=(0.5)^n u(n)$ and $h_2(n)=(0.25)^n u(n)$. Determineunitsampleresponseofcascade.																		

The Impulse response of DT-LTI system $h(n) = n(1/2)^n u(n)$. Determine whether the system is stable and causal?

A system has unit impulse response $h(n) = (1/3)^{n+1} u(n+1)$. Find the response for unit step input?

Find the output $y(n)$ of a filter whose impulse response is $h(n) = \{1, 1, 1\}$ and input signal $x(n) = \{3, -1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 0, 1, 2, 1\}$ using overlap save method?

Perform bit planeslicing and obtain all bit planes of following image

7	3	5	4
6	2	4	3
5	7	6	0
6	7	4	3

Show that a high pass filter can be obtained as $\text{HighPass} = \text{Original} - \text{LowPass}$

What is zero padding? What are its uses?

List and explain any four properties of DFT.

How many multiplications and additions are required to compute N point DFT using Radix-2 FFT?

Explain the procedure of neighborhood processing technique?

Distinguish between linear convolution and circular convolution of two sequences.

Let $x(n) = \cos(n\pi/2)u(n)$. Find D.F.T. of $x(n)$.

Compare the high pass and low pass filtering in spatial domain.

What are different applicators of DSP?

Distinguish between Discrete Signal and Analog signals.

What are different signals used for analysis of discrete time signals?

Obtain the autocorrelation of sequence $x(n) = a^n u(n), 0 < a < 1$

Find the signal energy of $(1/2)^n u(n)$?

Obtain the digital negative of the 8 bpp image

23	206	244	72	130
163	79	47	69	122
201	247	100	80	39
48	77	111	211	121

What effect would setting zero the higher-order bit planes have on the histogram of an image in general?

The impulse response of a LTI system is $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1, 1\}$. What is the response of the signal to the input $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$?