University of Mumbai

Program: Computer Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester VII

Course Code: CSC702 and Course Name: Mobile Communication and Computing

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are		
	compulsory and carry equal marks		
1.	LTE Mac layer responsible for		
Option A:	re-segmentation of RLC data PDUs		
Option B:	Mapping between logical channels and transport channels, Multiplexing of MAC SDUs		
Option C:	Carries all information from the MAC transport channels over the air interface		
Option D:	Re-segmentation and carries all information		
2.	Which of the following handover type is supported by FDD mode in UMTS?		
Option A:	Hard Handover		
Option B:	Soft handover		
Option C:	Soft or Hard Handover		
Option D:	Soft and Hard Handover		
3	Co-Channel Interference can be avoided using		
Option A:	TDMA technique		
Option B:	Guard Spaces		
Option C:	FDMA technique		
Option D:	Multipath propagation		
4	In DSSS systems take a user bit stream of (four bit) 0101 and perform an XOR		
	with a chipping sequence of (seven bits) 0110101. How many bits will be there in		
	resulting signal?		
Option A:	28		
Option B:	07		
Option C:	04		
Option D:	14		
1			
5.	In IEEE 802.11 MAC packet structure the first 2 bytes are used for		
Option A:	Frame control		
Option B:	Sequence control		
Option C:	Checksum (CRC)		
Option D:	Protocol version		
6	The TMSI number is used to hide number.		
Option A:	IMSI		
Option B:	MSRN		
Option C:	MSISDN		
	1		

Option D:	IMEI	
7.	The behavior of TCP shows after the detection of congestion is called as	
Option A:	Fast retransmit	
Option B:	Selective transmission	
Option C:	Slow start	
Option D:	Error Control	
8	Theis the problem in reverse tunneling	
Option A:	Handover	
Option B:	Foreign Agent	
Option C:	Firewall	
Option D:	Routing	
9	In HIPERLAN-2, Each access point contains and	
Option A:	Access point controller, Access point Transceiver	
Option B:	Access point radio, Access point sector	
Option C:	Access point EC, Access point CL	
Option D:	Access point CM, Access point DM	
10.	Each is a base station that controls the mobiles in one or more cells.	
Option A:	eND	
Option B:	eNB	
Option C:	eMB	
Option D:	eNS	

Q2.	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each		
(20 Marks)			
A	What is Modulation? Explain ASK, PSK techniques in detail		
В	Explain the GPRS components which are used in UMTS core network architecture.		
С	Discuss the different interframe spacing between transmission of frame in IEEE 802.11.		
D	Draw a high level architecture of LTE. Explain in short, the functions of EPC component.		
Е	What are the different types of Handovers supported by GSM? Explain in short.		
F Differentiate between Bluetooth and IEEE 802.11a protocol			

Q3.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
(20 Marks)		
A What is Hidden terminal and Exposed terminal problem? Ho solved with MACA?		al problem? How it is
В	What do you mean by Self Organizing Net Architecture.	works? Explain SOIN

C	Explain How Power Management is done in Infrastructure based and Adhoc
	Network

Q4.		
(20 Marks)		
A	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	5 marks each
i.	Explain Agent advertisement and Discovery.	
ii.	Draw and explain entities in Bluetooth protocol stack.	
iii.	What are the functions of LTE MAC layer?	
В	Solve any One Question out of Two.	10 marks each
i.	What is the need of micro mobility?	
ii.	Explain How Power Management is done in Infrastructure based and Adhoc	
	Network	