Program: BE Computer Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

Examination: Final Year Semester VII

Course Code: CSC702 and Course Name: MCC

Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 50

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Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q1.	The 2G GSM technology uses a carrier separation of
Option A:	1.25 MHz
Option B:	200 KHz
Option C:	30 KHz
Option D:	300 KHz
Q2.	In direct sequence process which step is performed first?
Option A:	De-spreading De-spreading
Option B:	Demodulation
Option C:	Dispreading & Demodulation
Option D:	Desperation
Q3.	Fading of the received radio signals in a mobile communication environment
	occurs because of
Option A:	Direct propagation
Option B:	Multipath Propagation
Option C:	Bi-path Propagation
Option D:	Tri-path propagation
Q4.	In a GSM architecture, which system provides Authentication and Encryption services?
Option A:	HLR
Option B:	VLR
Option C:	EIR
Option D:	AUC
Q5.	A UMTS(Universal Mobile Telecommunication) network is a network.
Option A:	First Generation
Option B:	Second Generation
Option C:	Third Generation
Option D:	Fourth Generation
Q6.	What is the maximum data rate supported by a 3G network or UMTS network?

Option A:	384 kbps
Option B:	2 Mbps
Option C:	32 Mbps
Option D:	42 Mbps
Option D.	12 Mopo
Q7.	As part of Closed Loop Power Control followed by a WCDMA network, power control bits are sent every milliseconds to the User Equipment (Phones).
Option A:	0.1 ms
Option B:	0.66 ms
Option C:	1.5 ms
Option D:	2.58 ms
Q8.	Who developed standards for a UMTS network?
Option A:	ANSI (American National Standards Institute)
Option B:	3GPP (3rd Generation Partnership Project)
Option C:	ITU (International Telecommunication Union)
Option D:	IEEE
Q9.	The DoD model (also called the TCP/IP stack) has four layers. Which layer of the
	DoD model is equivalent to the Network layer of the OSI model?
Option A:	Application
Option B:	Host to Host
Option C:	Internet
Option D:	Network Access
Q10.	A set that makes stationary or mobile wireless station and also have optional
	central base station is known as
Option A:	Basic service set
Option B:	Extended service set
Option C:	Network point set
Option D:	Access point
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Q11.	Which of the following internet layer protocols of TCP/IP is used for wireless
-	communication?
Option A:	Mobile IP
Option B:	IP
Option C:	TCP
Option D:	UDP
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Q12.	What is the condition for handoff?
Option A:	A mobile move into a different cell while in conversation
Option B:	A mobile remains in the same cell while in conversation
Option C:	A mobile move to different cell when idle
Option D:	A mobile remains in the same cell and is idle
Spaint D.	12 moone remains in the same cen und is rate
Q13.	Which of the following priority handoff method decrease the probability of forced
<b>X</b> 13.	miner of the following priority handon method decrease the probability of follow

	termination of a call due to lack of available channels?
Option A:	Queuing
Option B:	Guard channel
Option C:	Cell dragging
Option C:	Near far effect
Option D.	incai iai cricci
Q14.	Bluetooth uses
Option A:	frequency hopping spread spectrum
Option B:	orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
Option C:	time division multiplexing
Option D:	channel division multiplexing
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Q15.	In a piconet, there can be up to parked nodes in the network.
Option A:	63
Option B:	127
Option C:	255
Option D:	511
Q16.	Bluetooth transceiver devices operate in band.
Option A:	2.4 GHz ISM
Option B:	2.5 GHz ISM
Option C:	2.6 GHz ISM
Option D:	2.7 GHz ISM
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Q17.	Which of the following WLAN standard has been named Wi-Fi?
Option A:	IEEE 802.6
Option B:	IEEE 802.15.4
Option C:	DSSS IEEE 802.11b
Option D:	IEEE 802.11g
010	Which of the following standard committee specifies Bluetooth and other
Q18.	Personal Area Networks (PAN)?
Oution A	IEEE 802.11b
Option A:	
Option B:	IEEE 802.15
Option C:	IEEE 802.11g
Option D:	IEEE 802.16
Q19.	Multi-Layer Mobility Management using Hybrid SIP provide mobility in
Q19.	following layer
Option A:	Network layer
Option B:	Data link layer
Option C:	Application layer
Option D:	Transport layer
Spain D.	Timiopote myor
Q20.	Protocol is employed to line up the net phone, phone calls,
۵.	video conferencing and alternative transmission connections.

Option A:	SIP
Option B:	VoIP
Option C:	IP
Option D:	Mobile IP.
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Q21.	enables the serving networks to locate a mobile subscriber's point of attachment for delivering data packets.
Option A:	Location management
Option B:	Hand-off management
Option C:	Mobility Management
Option C:	Region Management
Орион Б.	region management
Q22.	LTE Mac layer responsible for
Option A:	re-segmentation of RLC data PDUs
Option B:	Mapping between logical channels and transport channels, Multiplexing of MAC SDUs
Option C:	Carries all information from the MAC transport channels over the air interface
Option D:	Mapping between MAC and PDU
Q23.	LTE Physical layer responsible for
Option A:	re-segmentation of RLC data PDUs
Option B:	Mapping between logical channels and transport channels, Multiplexing of MAC SDUs
Option C:	Carries all information from the MAC transport channels over the air interface
Option D:	Mapping between MAC and PDU
Q24.	strives towards the "plug-and-play" paradigm in the way that new base stations shall automatically be configured and integrated into the network.
Option A:	Self-configuration functions
Option B:	Self-optimization functions
Option C:	Self-healing functions
Option D:	Self-autocorrelation functions
Q25.	When some nodes in the network become inoperative,
	mechanisms aim at reducing the impacts from the failure
Option A:	Self-configuration functions
Option B:	Self-optimization functions
Option C:	Self-healing functions
Option D:	Self-autocorrelation functions