Program: **BE Computer Engineering**

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

Examination: Third Year Semester VI

Course Code: CSC601 and Course Name: Software Engineering

Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q1.	Which is the first step in the coftware development life such 2
Option A:	Which is the first step in the software development life cycle ? Analysis
Option A:	· ·
•	Design
Option C:	Problem/Opportunity Identification
Option D:	Development and Documentation
Q2.	In the Analysis phase, the development of the occurs, which is a
	clear statement of the goals and objectives of the project.
Option A:	documentation
Option B:	flowchart
Option C:	program specification
Option D:	design
02	
Q3.	Which one of the following models is not suitable for accommodating any
	change?
Option A:	Build & Fix Model
Option B:	Prototyping Model
Option C:	RAD Model
Option D:	Waterfall Model
Q4.	Incremental Process Model is useful when
Option A:	Enough staffing is not available for the whole project
Option B:	When project is very small
Option C:	When Project cost is High
Option D:	when project is very large is size
Q5.	Extreme programming refers to
Option A:	Frequent releases in short development cycles to improve software quality
Option B:	Few releases in short development cycles to improve software quality

Option C:	only one release of the software
Option D:	release of the software according to completion
Q6.	Which is not a step of Requirement Engineering?
Option A:	Requirements elicitation
Option B:	Requirements analysis
Option C:	Requirements design
Option D:	Requirements documentation
Q7.	SRD stands for
Option A:	Software Requirements Definition
Option B:	Structured Requirements Definition
Option C:	Software Requirements Diagram
Option D:	Structured Requirements Diagram
Q8.	In the requirement analysis which model depicts how the software behaves as a consequence of external events?
Option A:	Class-Oriented models
Option B:	Scenario-based models
Option C:	Flow-oriented models
Option D:	Behavioral models
Q9.	The process to gather the software requirements from Client, Analyze and Document is known as .
Option A:	Requirement engineering process
Option B:	Requirement elicitation process
Option C:	User interface requirements
Option D:	Software system analyst
Q10.	Which of the following is a project scheduling method that can be applied to software development?
Option A:	PERT
Option B:	CPM
Option C:	CMM
Option D:	Both PERT and CPM
Q11.	In size oriented metrics, metrics are developed are based on the
Option A:	Number of functions
Option B:	Number of user inputs
Option C:	Number of lines of code

Option D:	Amount of memory usage
Q12.	A Tak set is a collection of
Option A:	Task, cost estimate, metrics
Option B:	Milestones, deliverable, metrics
Option C:	Work tasks, milestones, deliverables
Option D:	Responsibility, milestone, documents
Q13.	Earned value analysis allows which stakeholder to take corrective action before a project crisis develops
Option A:	End users
Option B:	Tester
Option C:	Support engineer
Option D:	Project manager
Q14.	The best type of cohesion which should be achieved by software design is
Option A:	Communicational cohesion
Option B:	Functional cohesion
Option C:	Co-incidental cohesion
Option D:	Temporal Cohesion
орион В.	Temporal conesion
Q15.	IEEE doscribos softwaro architecturo Dosign as
Option A:	IEEE describes software architecture Design as that describes the software's top level structure and recognizes its
Option A.	components
Option B:	that describes the software's top level structure and recognizes its
Option C:	set of hardware and software components and their interfaces to set up the
Option D:	framework for the development of a computer system A and B both
046	
Q16.	which of the following is not a characteristic common to all design methods?
Option A:	configuration management
Option B:	functional component representation
Option C:	quality assessment guidelines
Option D:	refinement heuristics
017	which of the following is not one of the five decise stars to see
Q17.	which of the following is not one of the five design class types
Option A:	business domain classes

Option B:	entity classes
Option C:	process classes
Option D:	user interface classes
Q18.	which design is equivalent to the floor plan of a house?
Option A:	architectural design
Option B:	component-level design
Option C:	data design
Option D:	interface design
Q19.	Proactive risk management strategy begins
Option A:	
	When technical risk are identified
	when technical risk are identified
Option B:	When business risk occur
Option C:	When potential risks are identified
Option D:	long before technical work is initiated.
Q20.	Software Configuration management is an activity that is applied
Option A:	throughout the software development life cycle.
Option B:	throughout the Testing Life cycle.
Option C:	throughout the design phase
Option D:	throughout the requirement analysis phase
Q21.	As a tester which of the following will come under product risk if you are testing
	an e-commerce website
Option A:	Shortage of testers
Option B:	Many changes in SRS that caused changes in test cases
Option C:	Delay in fixing defects by development team
Option D:	Failure to transfer a user to secure gateway while paying
Q22.	What is associated with the Product Risk?
Option A:	Control of test item
Option B:	Negative consequences
Option C:	non-availability of test environment
Option D:	Test object
Q23.	White Box techniques are also classified as
Option A:	Design based testing
Option B:	Structural testing
Option C:	Error guessing technique
Option D:	Sanity testing
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Q24.	What type of software testing is generally used in Software Maintenance?

Option A:	Regression Testing
Option B:	System Testing
Option C:	Integration Testing
Option D:	Unit Testing
Q25.	verifies that all elements mesh properly and overall system
Q25. Option A:	verifies that all elements mesh properly and overall system Integration testing
Option A:	Integration testing